

Language Acquisition French – Subject Group Overview MYP YEARS 1 - 3**Emergent Communicator** (Phase 1)

- There will be cross-over and interlacing of curriculum throughout the school year, so please ensure you have a thorough understanding of the Specific Expectations for the end of Emergent Level see ٠ the last section of this document.
- Moving between cultures and making linguistic connections have been mapped across the year, however, these are to be accessed in each term as they are designed to draw connections between • Language Acquisition and the students world along with other areas of study.
- This Subject-Group-Overview document must always remain flexible to allow for an effective and rigorous curriculum that leads to the support of students meeting individual needs and facilitate • developing life skills. Based on individual teachers' professional judgement additional units might be covered before moving forward through the sequence.
- All class compositions and students' placement are to be collaboratively assessed at the end of Semester 1 and Semester 2. ٠



connait Intercepting Intercepting Intercepting Context Intercepting Self-management Criterion B: Reading 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week. Context Self-management ATL Skill cluster Organisation skills: Managing time and tasks effectively SEARCH pathway: Habits & Goals Still needed: Understanding and maintaining physical organisation and readiness to learn will support student preparedness and increase student achievement. (e.g., a charged device, books, writing materials etc) Approach: In order for students to be able to understand and maintain physical	Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
explicit teaching of routines is required. For physical organisation and presentation (books, handouts, folders in files), access to communication (SEOTA online lessons	connait 10 weeks @ 2.5	Concept	Message		One form of communication is conveying to an audience a message	SkillsATL Skill category Self-managementATL Skill cluster Organisation skills: Managing time and tasks effectivelySEARCH pathway: Habits & GoalsSkill needed: Understanding and maintaining physical organisation and readiness to learn will support student preparedness and increase student achievement. (e.g., a charged device, books, writing materials etc)Approach: In order for students to be able to understand and maintain physical organisation and readiness to learn, explicit teaching of routines is required. For physical organisation and presentation (books, handouts, folders in files), access to communication (SEQTA online lessons and resources, direct messaging, online submissions), classroom entry and exit, seating, classroom environment, cleanliness, tidiness, and behaviour expectations are essential. This will be taught by strong accountability measures	GRASPS Criterion A: Listening	Commu Co

inication:

- Greetings
- Asking introductory questions
- Presentation of self and others
- Asking questions Ca s'écrit comment?
- Spelling names, accents
- Telephone numbers

lary:

- Cognates
- Numbers 0-100
- Days, months
- Countries and nationalities
- Names of people

ar:

- Verbs: s'appeler, parler, habiter, aimer, aimer beaucoup, adorer, etre, avoir Nouns and Articles Expressing dates (ordinal numbers)
- 1st person speech Je / J' + vowel
- 3rd person speech II /Elle

ciation:

- Alphabet
- Vowel sounds
- Liaisons with indefinite articles
- Intonation
- Phonetics, the word Comment? the sound of -an, -ent, ents

l experience:

- la Francophonie
- photos of France
- les personnages francais

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
Ma boite à outils 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week.	Communication	Conventions Form Message	Not required	Language conventions and form are used to communicate a message	ATL Skill category Communication ATL Skill cluster Communication skills: Exchanging messages and information effectively through interaction Reading, writing, and using language to gather and communicate information SEARCH pathway: Habits and Goals Assessment Criterion: Uses a wide range of vocabulary in basic situations (C.i, D.i) Skill needed: Students should be able to collect appropriate vocabulary based on simple and familiar contexts and audiences. Approach: In order for students to collect vocabulary, students must take effective notes on new vocabulary encountered in class and implement study and memorisation methods to retain them. This will be taught by introducing vocabulary to students in an interactive setting with PowerPoints, quizzes and games, etc. Students are expected to translate and record vocabulary using dictionaries or context clues into their mother tongue.	Criterion C: Speaking Criterion D: Writing	Communication Qui est: Asking Qu'est-ce qui Qu'est-ce qui Quelle couleu Asking f Identify Ca, ce s Vocabulary: Number Days, m Colours School ir Imperat Grammar: Nouns: S Articles Il y a Negation The ver The imp Pronunciation Alphabe Vowel s Liaison v

on:

t-ce? / C'est qui? g and responding to questions about school items ue c'est? u'il y a dans la boite? eur? for school items – Passez-moi un stylo s.t.p! fying school items – Ca, c'est un / une...... sont des..... ers 0-100 nonths, years items and classroom furniture atives : Singular und Plural es: Definite and Indefinite ion: Ce n'est pas / Il n'ya pas de erbs avoir, etre nperative – classroom language with s.t.p and s.v.p n: oet sounds with indefinite articles tion with questions

Phonetic			
Benjami			
Cultural experi			
Cultural experi • La Franc			
Images of			
Les perse			

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
Les personnes dans ma vie 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week.	Communication	Conventions Form	Not required	Understanding different language conventions and form results in effective communication	ATL Skill category Research ATL Skill cluster Information literacy skills: Finding, interpreting, judging and creating information SEARCH pathway: Goals and habits Criterion: Identify explicit and implicit information in simple texts (Ai and Bi) Skills Needed: Students should be able to read and understand simple question words in a task and the need to read them. Approach: In order for students to read and understand questions, students must identify simple instruction and question words before proceeding to the task. This will be taught by explicitly instructing students to highlight the question and instruction words in classroom task descriptions and share their knowledge with others.	Criterion A: Listening Criterion B: Reading	Phrases Vocabu Gramm

tics – the sound of australien/australienne – en, -enne. nin, Romain –in, -ain

rience: ncophonie s of France rsonnages francais

Content (topics, knowledge, skills)

s:

Chez moi Dans ma famille il y a

ulary:

Numbers 0-100

Days, months, years

Colours

Languages, Nationalities

La famille – singular and plural

Mes amis / mes copains

Mes animaux

Les loisirs with the verbs jouer, faire

nar:

Nouns: Singular und Plural

Articles: Definite and Indefinite

ll y a

Negation: Ce n'est pas / Il n'ya pas de

The verbs avoir, etre, aimer, jouer à/au.....jouer du/de la/des

Possessive adjectives

nciation: Alphabet

		• V0
		• Li
		• In
		• Pl
		Cultural
		• La
		• U
		• Le

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
I/Elle est comment? .0 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week.	Communication	Conventions Form Meaning	Not required	Communicating with different language conventions and form results in a better understanding of the meaning of our communication	ATL Skill category Self-management ATL Skill cluster Reflection skills: (Re)considering the process of learning; choosing and using ATL skills	Criterion C: Speaking Criterion D: Writing	Phrase • • • • Vocab
					SEARCH pathway: Coping Skill needed: Develop new skills, techniques and strategies for effective learning and demonstrate flexibility in the selection and use of learning strategies. Approach: To develop new skills, techniques and strategies for effective learning, students develop the habit of being organised, practise focus and concentration, persevere, practise strategies related to their personal emotional management, understand,		•
					discuss causes for failure and develop resilience, while setting and achieving a clear learning goal. This will be taught by clear macro-objectives presented to students at the beginning of each unit and micro-objectives for each learning session. Students will be asked to interpret and analyse the objectives at each level and reflect on their success in achieving those at the end of each learning session or a unit. Approach: To demonstrate flexibility in the		Gram • • •

Vowel sounds Liaison with indefinite articles Intonation with questions Phonetics – the sound of -ille

l experience:

La Francophonie

- Une famille francaise
- Les personnages francais

Content (topics, knowledge, skills)

5:

- Asking II / elle est comment?
- Qui est-ce ? / C'est qui ?
- Recognising and asking questions with Comment?
- Quel/Quelle? Qu'est-ce que

lary:

- Numbers 0-100
- Days, months, years
- Colours
- Languages, Nationalities
- La famille singular and plural
- Mes amis / mes copains
- grand, petit, beau, belle + everyday adjectives of
- personality, hair style, eye colour

ar:

- Nouns: Singular und Plural
- Articles: Definite and Indefinite
- ll y a
- Negation: Ce n'est pas / Il n'ya pas de
- The verbs avoir, etre, aimer, jouer à/au......jouer du/de la/des

try strategies offered by the teacher and make	• Pc
their choice of using the ones that suit them the	
best in order to achieve leaning objectives. This	• A
will be taught by offering students various	
learning strategies during each learning session,	
e.g. group work, partner work, plenum,	Pronunci
individual work, learning stations, class walk,	• Al
quizzes, interactive games etc.	
Reflection questions might include the following:	• Li
What did I learn about today?	● In
What don't I yet understand?	
What questions do I have now?	● Pł
Consider ATL skills development	
What can I already do?	
How can I share my skills to help peers who need	Cultural
more practice?	• La
What will I work on next?	
Consider personal learning strategies	• In
What can I do to become a more efficient and	• Le
effective learner?	
How can I become more flexible in my choice of	
learning strategies?	
What factors are important for helping me learn	
well? Student responses will be linked to the	
elements of Mindfulness awareness,	
Perseverance, Emotional management, Self-	
motivation and Resilience	
Focus on the process of creating by imitating the	
work of others	
Consider ethical, cultural and environmental	
implications. Keep a journal to record	
reflections, speaking exercises with a partner, in	
small groups and to the class.	

Possessive adjectives Agreement of adjectives

nciation:

- Alphabet Liaison with indefinite articles
- Intonation with questions
- Phonetics the silent s sound with a plural adjective

al experience:

- La Francophonie
- Images des jeunes francais
- Les personnages francais

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
A quelle heure? 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week.	Communication	Word choice Context	Not required	Word choice reflects the context of our communication	ATL Skill category Communication ATL Skill cluster Communication skills: Reading, writing, and using language to gather and communicate information SEARCH pathway: Goals and habits Criterion: organize some information in a recognizable format using some basic cohesive devices (Diii) Skill needed: Students should be able to recognize a format of simple basic texts. Approach: In order for students to be able to recognize a format of a simple basic text, students must read and listen to a variety of simple authentic texts on basic everyday situations in the target language and identify features that are specific for a particular format, e.g. "emails", "articles", "blogs" etc. This will be taught by introducing a variety of simple authentic texts to students in various settings such as using an IWB, worksheets, PowerPoints, and analysing their specific features etc. Students are expected to read and listen to texts, highlight the features of those specific texts in order to allocate these texts to a specific format.	Criterion A: Listening Criterion B: Reading	Phrases: •

- sking A quelle heure commence les cours ? Qui est-ce ? / C'est qui ? ecognising and asking questions with Comment? uel/Quelle? Qu'est-ce que ary: lumbers 0-100 ays, months, years he language of school – subjects, places, people - les lèves, les professeurs, les copains, les amis – timetables e rencontrer / rendez-vous chool types : Le lycée, l'école etc he time
- anguages
- Noments in the day le matin, l'après-midi etc
- Iouveau/nouvelle

nr:

- Iouns: Singular und Plural
- rticles: Definite and Indefinite
- y a / II n'y a pas de
- he conjunction mais
- he verbs avoir, etre, aimer, ne pas aimer du
- out/détester, faire du/de la/des, jouer
- /au.....jouer du/de la/des, se rencontrer
- ossessive adjectives
- greement of adjectives nouveau/nouvelle
- Quelle est? Quel est? Quelles sont? Quels sont?
- requency le lundi, 4 fois par semaine, 6 cours par our
- ourquoi / parce que

iation:

- Iphabet
- iaison with indefinite articles
- ntonation with questions
- honetics the silent s sound with a plural adjective.
- ccents on words

Cultural ex				
• La F				
• Ima				

Unit Title	Кеу	Related	Global	Unit 6: Moi, Statement of	qu'est-ce que j'aime Approaches to Learning	faire alors?	
	Concept	Concepts	Context	Inquiry	Skills	GRASPS	
Moi, qu'est- ce que j'aime faire alors ? 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week	Communication	Conventions Form Patterns	Not required	In communication, language conventions and form behave in patterns	ATL Skill category Communication ATL Skill cluster Communication skills: Exchanging messages and information effectively through interaction Reading, writing, and using language to gather and communicate information SEARCH pathway: Goals and habits Criterion: communicates limited relevant information (C.iv) Skills Needed: Students should be able to read and understand a task to identify the topic and apply topic-specific vocabulary and simple grammatical structures to communicate limited information on a basic topic. Approach: In order for students to understand tasks, students must identify simple instructions and question words. This will be taught by explicitly instructing students to highlight the question and instruction words in classroom task descriptions and share their knowledge with others. In order for students to communicate limited information on a basic topic, students must be able to select the appropriate grammar structures and vocabulary for the context and apply them to communicate information relevant to the topic. This will be taught by teaching vocabulary in conjunction with grammar, translation exercises, creation of simple, scaffolded texts in class, practising simple rehearsed conversations, etc.	Criterion C: Speaking Criterion D: Writing Assessment Tasks for the unit are chosen based on student readiness to demonstrate either productive or receptive skills individually	Phrases: As Je II Vocabula Ni Da Ph Grammal Na Aa Da Da Da Da Da Da Da Da Da

l **experience:** La Francophonie

mages des écoles francais et les personnages francais

Content (topics, knowledge, skills)

5:

Asking Qu'est-ce que tu aimes faire comme sport ? Je ne suis pas sportive, je préfère chanter et danser. Il est comment, physiquement?

lary:

- Numbers 0-100
- Days, months, years
- Seasons
- Leisure activities and sport
- Les sportifs / les sportives
- The body
- Actions sauter, marcher
- Frequency tous les jours, toujours
- Clothing and accessories
- comme
- Physical descriptions of people

ar:

- Nouns: Singular und Plural
- Articles: Definite and Indefinite
- The verbs aimer, ne pas aimer du tout/détester
- Faire et jouer + the article: faire du/de la/des, jouer
- à/au......jouer du/de la/des
- Adjectives
- Questions Qu'est-ce que? And Est-ce que?
- Frequency le lundi, 4 fois par semaine, 6 cours par jour
- Comme sport

ciation:

Alphabet

			1	
• Li				
• Ir				
• P				
A				
Cultural				
• Li				
• Li				

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
Chez nous	Communication	Conventions Form Meaning	Not required	Basic language conventions and form can include a number of elements, depending on the meaning of our communication	ATL Skill category Research ATL Skill cluster Information literacy skills: Finding, interpreting, judging and creating information SEARCH pathway: Goals and habits Criterion: Identify explicit and implicit information in simple texts (Ai and Bi) Skills Needed: Students should be able to read and understand simple question words in a task and the need to read them. Approach: In order for students to read and understand questions, students must identify simple instruction and question words before proceeding to the task. This will be taught by explicitly instructing students to highlight the question and instruction words in classroom task descriptions and share their knowledge with others.	Criterion A: Listening Criterion B: Reading Assessment Tasks for the unit are chosen based on student readiness to demonstrate either productive or receptive skills individually	Phrases: Je dois fa Je peux s Ou habit Tu viens Je ne peu Vocabul • A • P • F • A n Gramma • P • V · (' c • N Pronunc • A • L • In • P

Liaison with indefinite articles Intonation with questions Phonetics – the sound r in faire, le sport, le corps, fort. Accents on words

al experience:

La Francophonie

Les personnages francais > les sportifs francais

Content (topics, knowledge, skills)

- faire la vaisselle
- si tu veux
- tent les francais?
- chez moi ?
- eux pas

lary:

- Accommodation
- Plans of houses rooms etc
- Furniture and utilities un micro-ondes, un lave-vaisselle
- Activities in the house. Verbs: organizer, ranger,
- nettoyer, passer l'aspirateur, faire la vaisselle

ar:

- Prepositions : dans, à la, au
- Verbs: faire, organiser, ranger, nettoyer, passer
- l'aspirateur, faire la vaisselle, faire la lessive, donner des conseils, aider, venir, afficher
- Modal verbs: vouloir, pouvoir, devoir

ciation:

- Alphabet
- Liaison with indefinite articles dans une maison
- Intonation with questions
- Phonetics the sound of s and z chaise, cuisine, treize, seize. Accents on words

experience:

				• La
				• Ac
				● Le

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
On va en ville	Communication	Meaning	Not required	Prepositions add meaning to the purpose	ATL Skill category Communication	Criterion C: Speaking	Phrases: Pour aller
10 weeks @ 2.5		Purpose		of our communication	ATL Skill cluster	Criterion D: Writing	Je peux pro Ou est le p
hours per week					Communication skills: Exchanging messages and information effectively through interaction Reading, writing, and using language to gather and communicate information SEARCH pathway: Goals and habits	Assessment Tasks for the unit are chosen based on student readiness to demonstrate either productive or receptive skills individually	Vocabular • Un • La k • Les • Les • etc • La p • Les
					Assessment Criterion: Uses a limited range of grammatical structures generally accurately (C.ii, D.ii) Skill needed: Students should be able to apply simple, limited grammatical patterns in simple and familiar contexts with some errors that may or may not impede communication. Approach: In order for students to apply simple, limited grammatical structures in simple and familiar contexts, students must remember and apply grammatical structures to a small range of simple and familiar contexts to communicate limited information about themselves and others. This will be taught by using speaking sheets, writing and performing simple roleplays, regular speaking exercises, gap fill exercises etc.		Grammar: Pre cot Ver Mo Pronuncia Alp Liai Into Pho Cultural ex La F Tow Tra

La Francophonie Accommodation in France Les personnages francais

Content (topics, knowledge, skills)

ller en ville je prends..... c prendre.....? le parc s.v.p. ?

lary:

Un arrondissement, un village, une ville, une grande ville La banlieue

Les magasins – un supermarché, un marché etc

Les bâtiments – un musée, une bibliothèque, une gare etc

La poubelle dans le parc

Les transports

nar:

Prepositions : dans, à la/ au, sur, sous, à gauche de /du, à coté de /du, en / à with transport Verbs: prendre, aller Modal verbs: vouloir, pouvoir, devoir

ciation:

Alphabet Liaison with indefinite articles Intonation with questions Phonetics – accents on words

l experience:

La Francophonie

Towns in France

Transport in France

Les personnages francais

		pronunciation and intonation the following techniques and strategies are to be used. This will be taught by regularly doing phonetic exercises (learning to use mouth muscles), regular group verbal spelling activities, articulation of different sounds, recording on SEQTA, reading aloud in class. Students must be exposed to a range of phonetic exercises and examples of correct pronunciation.	
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Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
Qu'est-ce que tu aimes manger ? 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week	Connections	Structure	Not required	Connections in language can be made if we understand the structure	ATL Skill category Research Skills ATL Skill cluster Media literacy: Interacting with media to use and create ideas and information SEARCH pathway: Goals and habits Criterion: Analyse conventions in a wide variety of simple authentic texts (A.i, B.i) Skill needed: Students should be able to identify a variety of simple, authentic texts by their conventions. Approach: In order for students to identify a variety of simple authentic texts, students must know the textual conventions of a number of simple authentic texts, such as emails, text messages, articles, etc. This will be taught by exposing students to a variety of simple authentic texts during lessons. Textual conventions can be taught by explicitly discussing text types and features with students or utilising discussion tools such Think-Pair- Share to allow students to discuss their owns conclusions about the texts.	Criterion A: Listening Criterion B: Reading	Phrases Qu'est-4 Vocabu • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

s:

-ce que tu aimes manger?

ulary:

- Faire les courses / faire du shopping
- Language of food Les produits alimentaires la
- nourriture, les ingrédients
- Acheter, manger, etc
- Un menu, une recette

nar:

- Partitive article du, de la, de l', des
- Verbs: prendre, aller
- Modal verbs: vouloir, pouvoir, devoir

nciation:

- Alphabet
- Liaison with indefinite articles
- Intonation with questions
- Phonetics the -en sound, accents on words

al experience:

- La Francophonie les plats francophones
- La cuisine francaise, l'euro
- Les personnages francais

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
Ma routine hebdomadaire 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week.	Concept	Structure	Not required	Connections in language can be made if we understand the structure	ATL Skill category Self-management ATL Skill cluster Affective skills: Managing state of mind SEARCH pathway: Coping Skill needed: Developing coping strategies and positive internal dialogue regarding teachers' feedback and willingness to use initiative. Approach: In order for students to develop strategies and positive internal dialogue regarding teachers' feedback and willingness to use initiative, explicit teaching of coping strategies is required. This will be taught through establishing "praise a peer" wall that focuses on students' strengths and expresses gratitude and appreciation, writing reflection notes that addressing specific questions e.g. I was successful when Students will be taught how to develop particular strengths through focus of the day/week strengths addressing the questions like e.g. What does this look like? sound like? feel like? What opportunities might be faced to develop these strengths? Reflection - How did I go?	Criterion C: Speaking Criterion D: Writing Assessment Tasks for the unit are chosen based on student readiness to demonstrate either productive or receptive skills individually	Phrases: Je me lèv Je me co Vocabula • E ⁴ • Ti • A • Fa Gramma • R • V • N • A • C • D Pronunci • A • Li • Ir • P Cultural • La

ve uche

ary:

- veryday activities
- he time
- Avant, pendant, après
- aire la grasse matinée

nr:

- Reflexive verbs
- /erbs: prendre, aller, sortir, partir
- Modal verbs: vouloir, pouvoir, devoir
- Aderbs of frequency: toujours, parfois, jamais
- Conjunction avec
- Demonstrative adjecties

iation:

- lphabet iaison with indefinite articles
- ntonation with questions
- honetics the -en sound, accents on words

experience:

- a Francophonie les plats francophones
- a cuisine francaise
- es personnages francais

Unit Title	Key Concept	Related Concepts	Global Context	Statement of Inquiry	Approaches to Learning Skills	IB MYP Objectives GRASPS	
One rice Tu peux venir? 10 weeks @ 2.5 hours per week							Phrases: Oui, mais j Je veux ma On fait ren Vocabular • List fetu • Boo • Avo • Exp Grammar: • Ver • Mo • Der • Mo • Cor • Avo • Cho • Avo • Cho

- pas à cette heure.
- nais je ne peux pas
- endez-vous pour..... ? D'accord ?

ry:

- st of everyday places for appointments and outings la te, le cinoche etc
- ody parts
- oir mal expressions
- pressions with avoir

- erbs: aller, venir, sortir, partir
- lodal verbs: vouloir, pouvoir, devoir
- emonstrative pronouns avec moi
- onjunction avec
- voir mal à la/au/aux
- nez le coiffeur / au coiffeur
- voir besoin de, avoir l'air de
- faut aller
- vous conseille de
- egation with ne...pas, ne...jamais, etc

ation:

- bhabet
- aison with indefinite articles
- tonation with questions
- nonetics the -oi sound, accents on words

experience:

- Francophonie
- s personnages francais

Unit Title	Кеу	Related	Global	Statement of	Approaches to Learning	IB MYP Objectives	
	Concept	Concepts	Context	Inquiry	Skills	GRASPS	
La mode et nous	Communication	Concepts Word choice Context	Context Not required	Word choice reflects the context of our communication	SkillsATL Skill category ThinkingATL Skill cluster Creative thinking: Generating novel ideas and considering new perspectivesSEARCH pathway: Goals and habitsCriterion: Organises information in an appropriate format communicating a clear sense of audience and purpose to suit the context. (Diii,iv)Skill needed: Students should be able to identify an apporiate format from a limited number of taught formats, and creatively apply that knowledge to produce a suitable textApproach: In order for students to identify the 	Criterion C: Speaking Criterion D: Writing	Phrases: Je voudrai Je vous do Ca fait cor C'est com Vous préfe Vocabular • Lis • Co • Je • • Par • Sur • Sur • Sur • aus Grammar • Ve • Mo • Co • Pronuncia • Alp • Lia • Int
					will practise creating texts in various formats		

ais acheter dois combien? ombien? nbien ? éférez quelle marque ?

ary:

ist of everyday clothes Colours and size of clothes e voudrais acheter arce que ur Internet ussi

nr:

erbs: porter, aller, acheter, sortir Aodal verbs: vouloir, pouvoir, devoir conjunction avec – avec ca,

iation:

lphabet iaison with indefinite articles ntonation with questions honetics – the -ou and -u sound, accents on words

experience:

Francophonie es personnages francais

Specific Expectations for the end of the phase

The student should be able to:

- understand and respond to simple, short-spoken texts •
- communicate information in a limited range of everyday situations ٠
- request and provide information in a limited range of everyday situations •
- use language appropriate to a very limited range of interpersonal and cultural contexts ٠
- use some aspects of register in formal and informal oral communication ٠
- use basic vocabulary accurately •
- interact in simple and rehearsed exchanges using comprehensible pronunciation and intonation/correct tone.

Evidence

This will be evident when the student:

- follows classroom directions and routines •
- understands basic phrases and expressions and uses them to interact
- ٠ participates in a dialogue about an everyday situation using a model
- uses gestures, actions, body language and/or words to communicate •
- names familiar people and uses words related to identity, family, school and daily routines
- ٠ uses appropriate forms of address, gestures and greetings
- makes simple statements to describe identity, subjects, timetables, school, family, daily routines and time •
- makes a simple presentation with the help of visual aids and a model •
- Speaks for 11/2 2 mins •

Specific expectations for the end of the phase

The student should be able to:

- identify basic messages presented in simple visual texts •
- identify main ideas and supporting details in simple visual texts presented with spoken and/or written text •
- identify specific information, ideas, opinions and attitudes, presented in simple visual texts with spoken and/or written text ٠
- ٠ recognize basic visual conventions used in texts
- understand and respond to simple visual texts ٠

Evidence

This will be evident when the student:

- uses images to help make meaning of oral and/or written text ٠
- makes simple interpretations of the meaning and purpose of visual texts (for example, signs, posters, picture books, websites) on familiar topics, illustrations with oral and written text messages ٠
- lists some features of the visual text (for example, colour, text layout) ٠
- finds his or her own examples to share understanding ٠

Listening and speaking

Specific Expectations for the end of the phase

The student should be able to:

- identify basic facts in simple written texts
- ٠ identify main ideas and supporting details in written texts
- recognize basic aspects of format and style •
- understand and respond to simple written texts. •

Evidence

This will be evident when the student:

- shows an understanding of short simple texts by reading and responding to questions or completing activities about the texts •
- maybe needs to read multiple times •
- reads text and, for example, lists, defines, labels, draws, locates, selects, matches, states information; reads text of 100–200 characters and answers simple questions about it. ٠

Specific expectations for the end of the phase

The student should be able to:

- communicate information in a limited range of everyday situations
- request and provide information in a limited range of everyday situations ٠
- use language appropriate to a very limited range of interpersonal and cultural contexts ٠
- understand and use basic language conventions accurately ٠
- use some aspects of register in formal and informal written communication •

Evidence

This will be evident when the student:

- writes 100-200 characters using hiragana with the use of hiragana charts and basic kanji.
- writes simple phrases and sentences about an everyday situation using a model ٠
- labels familiar objects, people and writes words and phrases for identity, classroom, school and daily routines and time
- makes simple statements to describe identity, family members, school life and everyday routines •